

# The Caledonian Mercury.

Edinburgh, Thursday, June 27, 1728.

From the Whitehall Evening Post, June 20.

Cadiz, June 8.

**O**N account of the Plague raging at Zant, Scio, Smyrna, &c. the Governor of this City has received Orders from Court, to oblige all Ships, coming from the Levant, to perform a Quarentine of 40 Days, and their goods to be deposited in a Lazaretto, provided they are not of the Growth of Turkey, for such are not to be admitted at all; and what is more surprising, all Ships from the North are to be sent to the Lazaretto, and perform 20 Days Quarentine. The Spaniards here not being acquainted with the Manner and Method of Quarentines, 'tis feared will greatly perplex our Trade, which already labours under many Hardships and Difficulties; and besides the Delay and Trouble, it will prove an additional Charge to the Merchants. A Spanish Man of War of 48 Guns, with a Frigate of 24, now in our Bay, are ready to sail for Biscay, with Men and Materials, to bring round some Men of War which are now building there. The Naval Force of this Kingdom is increasing.

The King has taken the San Francisco, which arrived lately at Passage, from her Owners, whom he is to satisfy; her Silver is already landed, and her Goods are to be landed there also, and to be brought hither by Land at the Proprietars Expence. The San Juan, the San Antonio, and the Infanta, three Spanish Men of War, from 50 to 60 Guns, put to Sea the 20th ultimo, as 'twas then said, to cruise on the Algerines. They were not to open their Orders untill got into a certain Latitude; but as we have heard nothing of them since their Sailing, 'tis believed they went for the West Indies.

Naples, May 26 They have felt within these eight or ten Days past divers Shakes of an Earthquake in Calabria, particularly at Nicastro, which the Inhabitants had abandoned for their Safety. The Heats have been excessive for 15 Days past, and there reigns in this Country an epidemical Distemper, of which a great many Cattle die.

From the St. James's Evening Post, June 20.

Petersburg, May 31. The Prosecution of Prince Menzicoff, is now carrying on with the utmost Rigour; and if he does not speedily prevail with himself to discover where he has concealed the vast Treasure which his Enemies pretend to prove he has amassed, he will be made to undergo the third Degree of the Knout, which is the highest of all, and generally endangers Life it self.

Milan, June 5. We hear the King of Sardinia has resolved to build a Citadel at Alexandria, and that he has already sent Engineers thither, to take the Plan upon the Spot. The Citadel will be built upon the Banks of the River Terner.

Dublin, June 8. Wednesday last about three o'clock the unfortunate Mr. Andquin, pursuant to his Sentence, was executed near St. Stephen's Green: He left the Gallows about one, and in his Progress thro' this City, saluted his Acquaintances, which were very numerous, wherever he saw them; he stood in an open Cart, prepared for that Purpose, unopinioned, having his Coffin, which he ordered to be made very plain of near Oak, at length by him, on which he leaned and read, as Opportunity offered, in a large Prayer Book; when he came to the Gallows, he there prayed, sung Psalms, and spoke to the Spectators, above two Hours and an half, insisting still on his Innocency, and calling to God for heavy Vengeance on him if he died guilty, kissing the Book he read on, in Seal of his Protestations, which he continued in to the last, with all the Magnanimity, Piety, and Meekness that could be expected from a Man even of the greatest Character in Life, none being remembered to have behaved like him: When he had finished his Orations, he settled the Haltar upon himself, with the greatest Unconcern, and in that Manner spoke much to the People, and seeing some of his Prosecutors among the Crowd, he begged they might be let up till he embraced and forgave them; after which he addressed himself to die, and begging

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leave to make the Sign, after a few private Ejaculations, stretched forth his Arms, and cried *Lord Jesus receive my Soul*, suddenly closed his Hands, and sprung from the Cart with such Force, that he never moved more, dying instantly. Before he died, he delivered to the Sheriff a Declaration, the Contents of which has been already mentioned. There was no such Evidence against him, as that of Turner a Shoe Boy, as mentioned in some Advices from Dublin.

*London, June 20.* We hear that Mr. Wood who has a Patent for making Iron with Pit Coal, in an Air Furnace, made an Operation on Tuesday last, before the Right Honourable the Barks of Scarborough and May, before Sir Robert Walpole, Lord Charles Cavendish, Lord Malpas, Sir Thomas Sanderford, Sir Robert Sutton, Sir Robert Clifton, Col. Selwin, and several other Persons of Honour and Distinction, who were entirely satisfied with the Performance, and that a fine Iron Bar was made from the Stone and Ore in less than two Hours and an half.

*From the Post Boy June, 20.*

*Petersburg, May 31.* Men talk still at Court of undertaking some grand Enterprize in favour of the Duke of Holstein before the Summer is at an End; and 'tis probably with this Design that a Squadron of Men of War, Galleys and Tenders is actually fitting out at Cronslot and Revel.

*Constantinople, May 4.* Interest governs the World. Within the Revolution of a few Moons, Sultan Esref's Forces in Persia proved victorious over those of the Porte, whereupon that Rebel (as he was called before) was recognized as rightful Sovereign of that Kingdom, and the Grand Signor engaged to join his Forces to those of the Sultan, to recover those Provinces conquered and dismembered from Persia by the late Czar: But upon Advice that Sultan Esref's Party declines every Day, and that Prince Thamas is arrived on the Frontiers of Persia at the Head of a numerous Army from China and India; a great Divan was held towards the Close of last Month, wherein it was resolved not to give any Countenance or Assistance to Sultan Esref, but to cultivate a good Understanding with the Muscovites; tho' the Janizaries in general are eager for a War with the Russian Empire. The plague makes great Havock here; so that the Fo-

rein Ministers are preparing to retire to the Country for a While,

*From the Flying Post, June 20.*

*Venice, June 12.* By the Master of a Ship arrived from Corfu, we hear, That tho' the Plague was spread to almost all the Villages of the Isle of Zant, yet the Mortality there was not extraordinary. Some private Letters from Scio and the Levant affirm, That the Contagion is broke out in all the Islands of the Archipelago; That the Bishop and several Priests of the Isle of Scio are dead; and that at Smyrna an infinite Number of People are also dead, particularly the Patriarch of the Greeks, the Father Guardian of the Capuchins, and the Consul of France.

*Warsaw, June 12.* The King is expected on the 15th or 16th at Frawenstadt. Our last Advices from the Frontiers of Turkey confirm that the contagious Distemper makes great Havock there, and had, for want of Precaution, spread into some Villages on the Frontiers of the Republick, the Inhabitants whereof were flown to the Woods.

*Wye's Letter, verbatim, London, June 22.*

*Since our last arrived a Mail from Holland, and one from Flanders.*

MR. Tristram, mentioned in our last to be suspended by the Lord Bishop of London, hath appealed to the Court of Arches; the Dean of which is Brother to the said Bishop, 'twixt whom there is a very good Understanding.

Yesterday died the Rev. Dr. Hancock, Author of a Treatise upon the Use and good Effect of drinking Water in Fevers, &c. The same Day died also the Rev. Mr. Grassly, Rector of St. James's Duke Place.

S. S. Stock was Yesterday, when the Books closed, at 104, 3 4ths per Cent. The Directors of which Company are said to be very busy in concerting the most proper Measures to be taken in the present juncture, for encouraging and augmenting their Trade to the Spanish W. Indies. Mean time some People do not know well what to make of the Rumours spread of the King of Spain's resigning the Crown a 2d time under the present juncture, when his Plenipotentiaries are assembled



at the Congress with those of the other Powers, on the Negotiations for Peace.

on finishing the desirable Work of a general Pacification: Whereas should his Catholick Majesty's Resignation prove true, they must very probably wait for new Powers and Instructions.

The Speech lately made by Mr. Hertzel, Burgomaster of Zurich, and First Deputy of that Canton, to the M. De Bonac, Ambassador of France, is much taken notice of: At the Conclusion whereof he expresses thus: "We wish that the ensuing Treaty of Peace, of which his Most Christian Majesty has the Glory to be Mediator, may succeed to his everlasting Praise, and to the Satisfaction of the Powers and States interested in the same, to the end that the Peace may be solid and durable."

The Accounts given in private Letters from Madrid touching the King of Spain, are such as cannot be easily credited. The Advices by them are, That his Catholick Majesty having privately resolved to betake himself to a Religious Life, and to retire from the Business of a Crown, had sent a Renunciation in Form to the President of the Council of Castille in favour of the Prince of Asturias, in order to be registrate; upon which the said President sent word to the Queen, who going to the King, begg'd with great Earnestness of his Majesty to put a Stop to it for 2 Hours: Which being done, her Majesty sent for it back and tore it to pieces. And that Application having been made to the Court of Madrid for a Schedules, to send a Ship with Stores and Men to bring home the Prince Frederick from Vera Cruz: we hear the Answer given thereto was, That the English should be supplied with all Necessaries for this End in the West Indies.

By the Holland Mail, Letters from Soissons of the 24th Instant, give an Account of the Regulations made there, which are as follows: That the conferences be held without observing either Ceremony or Rank, at a round Table, where there be no Place higher or lower than the rest, and at which the Plenipotentiaries are to place themselves as they come in, and the Coaches to be ranged in the Castle-Yard as they arrive; leaving however Stile Passage. The rest relate to preventing Quarrels among the Footmen and other Domesticks of the Plenipotentiaries who are now ready to enter

The Cardinal de Fleury returned on the Date above mentioned to Soissons.

By Letters from Virginia we learn, That the 16th of May had been appointed to be observed as a Fast, they being apprehensive of a Scarcity of Provisions, if not a Famine; the Caterpillars having destroyed the Fruits of the Earth.

Corn being still here at a very high Price, great Quantities continue to be imported from Dantzick to Ipswich; and divers Ships coming with Corn from Genoa to Lisbon, have received Orders to carry it to Bristol.

Lieutenant General Ross is appointed General of the Horse.

Tomorrow the Rev. Mr. Rudborg preaches for the first time at the Meeting house in Little Lincoln's Inn-Fields, late D. Burgess's. His Congregation in Fetter-lane having, as they say, voted him out of their Meeting.

From *Mist's Weekly Journal*, June 22.

We find from Soissons, that the Congress is at length open'd, that at the first Meeting Count Zinzendorf, the Imperial Chancellor, and first Plenipotentiary of the Emperor of the Romans made a Speech, as did also his Eminence Cardinal de Fleury; that the two forenamed Ministers, as also the Duke of Bourbonville, first Plenipotentiary of Spain, gave, in their Turns, magnificent Entertainments to all the other Ministers present at the Congress. But tho' those Foreign News Writers affect to be silent as to what has been done by the Ministers of Great Britain, they should be made to know, that we have a First Plenipotentiary there as well as they.

We are advised from Paris, Brussels, and several other Parts, That a Rumour has been spread as if King Philip of Spain was about to resign his Crown and Government a 2d Time, in favour of the present Prince of Asturias, who is perfectly recovered of the small Pox. If this should happen at the present Juncture, it is apprehended it may impede the Negotiations at Soissons, since the Spanish Plenipotentiaries will be obliged to wait for new Powers, and new Instructions, before they can act, nor is it certain whether it may not occasion some Alterations in the Measures of that Court.

They write from Soissons, That Baron Benten-

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der has sent an Express to Vienna to acquaint his Court, that France insists on the first Rank of Precedency for her Ministers at the Congress, which, it is apprehended may give some Delay to the Proceedings; however if it can be made up between the two Courts of France and Vienna, no further Delay about Precedency need be feared, because, it is said, that some other Plenipotentiaries will be content with what Rank Cardinal de Fleury shall assign them.

*From the London Evening-Post. June 22.*

*Soissons, June 20.* On the 17th, after the Cardinal de Fleury was gone to Compeigne, the other Plenipotentiaries had a private Conference, to which the Ambassadors of Spain went all three in the Duke of Burnonville's stately Coach; they were followed by two other Coaches, one of which was empty, and the other filled with the Secretaries of the Embassy; what passed in this Conference is kept very secret; but it was observed that the Ministers of certain Potentates seemed to have an Air of Dissatisfaction when they came from the Conference that was held on the 16th. 'Tis the general Opinion that the Affairs of England and Spain will employ the Congress longer than was believed.

*From the Evening Post, June 22.*

*Compeigne, June 24.* We hear that at the earnest Instances of Count Zinzendorf, the Cardinal Fleury will return the 27th to Soissons, to resume the Negotiations of Peace.

## ADVERTISEMENT S.

†† There is to be sold by voluntary Roup, in the Council-house of Inverness, upon Friday the second Day of August next to come, between the Hours of two and four in the Afternoon, a large House at the Bridge-end of Inverness, two Stables, a Corn house, a large Malt Barn, and a lesser Malt Barn; both be-west the River of Ness, and two Tenements of Land in the Church Street of Inverness, with the Gardens and Pertinents thereof, being the Estate late of David Stewart Collector of Excise there deceased. The Rental, Progress of the Writs and Conditions of Sale, are to be seen in the Hands of Alexander Baillie Town-clerk of Inverness, at his Writing Chamber there.

†† These are to give Notice to all Tradesmen and others, that incline to go abroad as Servants or otherways, to his Majesty's Cellony of SOUTH CAROLINA, That Captain James Craigie, Commander of the ALLAN GALLEY, now lying in Leith Road, and bound for the said Colony, may be spoke with at the Exchange Coffeehouse in Edinburgh, any Week Day, betwixt 2 and 3 in the Afternoon, and the whole Forenoon at the Coffeehouse in Leith, where

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he will give all due Encouragement to such as incline to go with him. The Ship will sail with all convenient Speed.

This Day published,

Remarkable DECISIONS of the Court of Session, from 1616 to 1728, to be sold at the Shops of John Paton, James Maceuen, and other Booksellers in Town. Price 12s.

†† The voluntary Roup and Sale of the Lands and others aforementioned, is put off to Thursday the twentieth and fifth of July next, between 2 and 4 a clock Afternoon in John's Coffeehouse in Edinburgh, viz.

The Mansionhouse and Lands of OVER-GRANGE being a most pleasant and convenient Dwelling, consisting of seven Fire-Rooms, with Closets and Garrets, all well contrived and finished, a good Kitchen, two Cellars, Brew-house, Stables, Barns, and other Officehouses requiring two pleasant and profitable Fruit Gardens, two Inchmills, and a Dovecot not rentalled; all which being much beautified with Planting, and the Lands paying yearly of Rent, three Chalders Bear, one Chalders Oats, a Free Stone Quarry paying 100 L. Scots yearly, with several Lime-Stone Quarries, very capable of Improvement; the Carriage of 60 Loads Coals, the Grassing of some Sheep for the Use of the Family, and a Seat in the Church of Burntisland. The said Lands holding Feu of the Crown, lying within half a Mile of the Town of Burntisland, in the Parish thereof and Sherifdom of Fife. The Progress of the Writs and Conditions of Roup, are to be seen in the Hands of Alexander Mitchel of that ilk, Writer to the Signet, at his House at the Bank close Head, Lawn Marker.

N. B. The Beauty and pleasantness of the Situation, and other Conveniences of said Mansion House, &c. cannot be justly prized without seeing the same.

\*\*\* That the Lands and Houses belonging to Thomas Veitch Surgeon in Edinburgh, and disposed by him to Trustees for behoof of his Creditors, are to be exposed to Sale by the said Trustees, by way of voluntary Roup, together or in Parcels, upon Tuesday the 16th of July next, in the House of Patrick Herdman Vintner, betwixt the Hours of 2 & 4 after Noon. Any Person having a mind to purchase may see the Rental, Progress and Conditions of Sale in the Hands of James Veitch, at William Veitch's Writing chamber at Don's Close-head:

†† These are to give notice, That there having been Roup of the Lands of MEIKLEDALE, and MEIKLEDALEHOPE, lying in the Parish of Ewes, and Shire of which belonged to the deceased William Elliot of Aukleton, carried on before the Lords of Council and Session and whereof the Day for the Sale was appointed, after Letters of Publication, some more than a Year ago; but could not, thro' occasion of Differences among the Creditors and others claiming Right to the Lands, be got Roup'd: But all these Difficulties being now removed, the Day of the Roup, by Prorogation, comes to be on the second Tuesday (being the Tenth Day) of July next; at which Time the Roup will certainly proceed. Whoever has a mind to purchase, may be at Edinburgh the said Tenth of July, in Person or by their Doers.

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